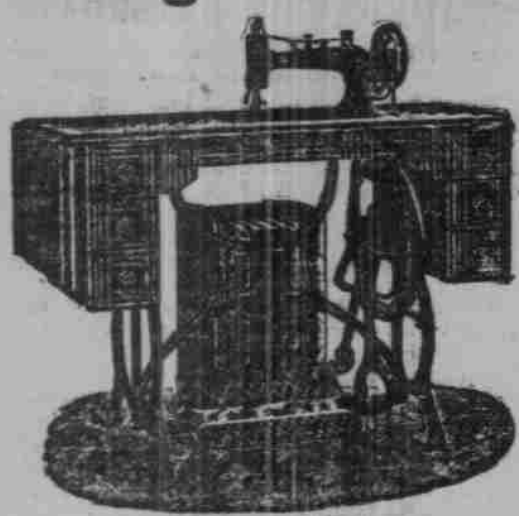


**Bullene, Moore, Emery & Co.,**  
Kansas City.

## Sewing Machines.



Often we have been importuned to deal in Sewing Machines and we have steadfastly refused because we could not buy and sell Sewing Machines as we do Dry Goods and therefore could not in any way benefit our customers. Time was when patents forbade the selling at retail of Sewing Machines on the same basis as we sell Dry Goods, or Carpets, or Books, or Shoes, or almost any other merchandise. The basic and important patents have expired. The field is now open to anyone.

The wall of exclusiveness has tumbled down, except the cumbersome, costly way of selling and why shouldn't that go?

After much investigation we took the best machine that could be made by picking from all the goodness of other machines and called it "O. R. S." Taken all in all we count it the best Sewing Machine on the market and these are the prices:

No. 3—Made to sell for \$35, our price, \$20.

No. 5—Made to sell for \$50, our price, \$22.50.

No. 7—Made to sell for \$65, our price, \$25.

Each machine is perfect and complete; oak, bent woodwork case.

Working parts exactly the same in every particular.

Self Setting Needles, Self Threading Shuttle, Automatic Bobbin Winder, complete attachments.

Just think what a revolution these prices mean and in these times what a saving to you.

How can we make these little prices? Easy enough. We buy and sell sewing machines as we buy and sell dry goods.

And

We don't

Employ canvassers and pay them half the selling price for getting the business.

We don't

Sell on installments and thus lose a part of the price of some machines.

We don't

Send out instructors to give lessons at the customer's house—instructions are given at the store.

We don't

Do the business in a reckless and expensive way and make the customer stand the extra cost.

Get on a train and come to the store and see this, the latest addition to our stock.

You can order these machines through our Mail Order Department.

Send for an illustrated and descriptive circular of these machines.

**Bullene, Moore, Emery & Co.,**

Kansas City.

APPEAL NOT SUSTAINED.

Southern Presbyterians Take Final Action in the Means Case.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 26.—In the general assembly of the Southern Presbyterian church yesterday, the Means case was taken up and argument was resumed by Dr. Flynn. He argued that the use of the telephone on Sunday was a necessity, and the result of its use was to lessen Sunday labor. His speech was a strong presentation of the synod's position.

Dr. Luper followed and spoke in favor of enforcing the law as it stood, and not construe laws to fit every case. This was not a question of what the law should be, but what it was. If Miss Means' work was a necessity, she should not be disciplined, if it was not she should be. The question was, did the synod do right? He argued that the session and Presbytery did right. Then the vote was taken, and each member had two minutes to explain his vote and express his view. The roll call began at 4:30 and closed at 5:40. The result was, not to sustain the appeal from the synod, 77; to sustain, 43; to sustain in part, 8.

A Big Coal Deal.

COLUMBUS, Kan., May 22.—A large deal for Cherokee county coal land was completed yesterday and the money paid over amounted to about \$50,000, the purchasers being the Southwestern Coal and Improvement company, represented by Thomas Fleming of Coalgate, I. T. It is said by those who claim to know that this land is being bought in the interest of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad company.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for teething. It soothes, softens the gums, allays pain, cures colic. Best remedy for diarrhoea. 25 cents a bottle.

It's your fault if you don't get a good suit of clothes and the rest of the outfit for about half the usual price. Only a few days more at the great consignment sale, 606 and 608 Kansas avenue.

It cures blood and skin disorders. It does this quickly and permanently. Is there any good reason why you should not use Dr. Williams' Sarsaparilla? It recommends itself. J. K. Jones.

Money saved is money made. The place to save it is at the great consignment sale, 606 and 608 Kansas avenue.

## LOOKS VERY BAD.

Bradstreet's Report of the Business Situation.

Says It Is the Dullest for Twenty Years.

### LITTLE TO ENCOURAGE

The Shipments of Wheat Have Fallen Off Largely.

NEW YORK, May 26.—Bradstreet's Trade Review says: "The unfavorable conditions prevailing in commercial and industrial circles throughout the country, together with the prospect for no material improvement during the summer, marks the present season as probably the dullest relatively for twenty years. At no time since panic and business depression manifested themselves last year have reports as to the volume of sales of merchandise, the manufacture of staple goods and the indisposition of merchants generally to buy except for absolutely immediate wants, been so pronounced and so general throughout the country as during the past few weeks."

"Superficial examination of business conditions leading to unwarranted optimistic conclusions as to the nearby future of trade have not been wanting; but, as a matter of fact, based on comprehensive and careful examination, the next few months promise a continuance, if not an intensifying, of existing conditions of extreme dullness and depression."

"Quite unfavorable advices come from Pittsburgh, where there are numerous shut-downs, involving large numbers of men. The total number of industrial employees idle as a result of coal scarcity is placed at 35,000, and the total idle number on account of strike, which now appears likely to fail, is 210,000. In other industrial lines 25,000 men are reported idle as a result of strikes, making the total number now idle 335,000. An encouraging industrial feature is the probable settlement of next season's iron and steel wage scale without a strike. "Exports of wheat (flour included), both coasts, United States and Canada, this week equal 2,310,000 bushels, against 2,490,000 bushels last week, 2,105,000 bushels a year ago, 2,280,000 bushels two years ago and 2,342,000 bushels three years ago. The price movement as to staples continues to see-saw—cotton, wheat, corn and oats all reacting slightly from former depressions, while, wool, sugar, lard, coffee and live stock all show declines."

Clearing House Returns.

NEW YORK, May 26.—The following list, compiled by Bradstreet's, gives the clearing house returns for the week ending May 24, 1894, and the percentage of increase or decrease as compared with the corresponding week of 1893:

Cities	Clearings	Inc.	Dec.
Kansas City	\$9,023,110	15.7	19.7
St. Louis	4,784,782	45.5	45.5
St. Joseph	1,478,181	20.9	20.9
Chicago	4,068,498	3.4	3.4
Topeka	485,725	30.8	30.8
Wichita	317,393	42.8	42.8

### ANOTHER CONFERENCE.

Democratic Tariff Managers Trying to Hasten Action.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—The Democratic tariff managers of the tariff bill conferred among themselves yesterday with the view of finding means of hastening the final disposition of the bill, and at one time during the day decided to ask the Republicans today to agree to a date when the vote should be taken, but after conference with the Republican leaders, decided to postpone the request for the present.

They had expected to ask that the date for the vote be fixed on June 8 or 9, and thought they would be able to secure an agreement for about June 15. The conference with the Republicans convinced them that if the request should be made now it would be antagonized and probably would result in loss of time and in no appreciable accomplishment, whereas if it should be made later it might be acceded.

The Navy in a Sad Plight.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—Owing to a cut in the estimates submitted last year to congress for increase in the navy, the navy department has gotten into a sad plight. The estimates prepared by the bureau chiefs were just sufficient to carry forward the work to which the government was actually committed by contracts but they were scaled down before reaching congress. As a consequence several of the largest contractors for naval construction must go without their money for months, although their work has been completed and turned over to the government.

Shot by Tramps.

OMAHA, Neb., May 26.—When freight train No. 76, on the Burlington, leaving Council Bluffs at 8:15 last evening, had reached a point about two miles east of the city, brakeman Stakesbury noticed five tramps on a flat car. He ordered them off, when one of them fired two shots at him, the first bullet going through the throat and the second entering the left ear. The throat wound is fatal.

Perkins a Candidate for Senator.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—Ex-Senator Bishop W. Perkins will leave for Kansas to-night to enter the field as candidate for United States senator to succeed Senator Martin.

Headquarters Removed.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 26.—The national headquarters of the Ancient and Senior Order, formerly located in St. Louis, have been removed to this city.

Every year increases the popularity of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for all pulmonary troubles.

### TARIFF WORK.

The Senate Still Engaged on the Metal Schedule.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—The Aldrich amendment to substitute the McKinley tariff on shotguns for the 30 per cent ad valorem in the senate bill was laid on the table, as was also a motion to increase the rate to 45 per cent. The rate of shotguns, rifles and pistols was fixed at 30 per cent.

Rates were then agreed to as follows: Table and carving knives and forks valued at more than \$4 per dozen, and razor blades, scissors and shears, wholly or partly finished, 45 per cent. All other table knives, forks, steels, etc., 85 per cent. Files, file blanks, rasps and floats of all cuts and kinds, four inches in length 80 cents per dozen; over four inches and under nine inches, 60 cents; over nine inches, \$1.

The house rates on engraved steel plates and railway fish plates (25 per cent ad valorem) were not changed. The rate on iron and steel rivets was increased from 25 to 30 per cent.

The Jones amendment was agreed to, fixing the rates on cross-cut saws at 6 cents per lineal foot; mill saws, 10 cents per foot; drag saws and pit saws, 8 cents; circular and other saws, 25 per cent. The rates on wood screws were fixed at 30 per cent, and on umbrella ribs, made of iron or steel or other metals, at 25 per cent. Paragraph 155—"Wheels"—was passed over. The duty on crude aluminum was first fixed at 10 cents per pound; on aluminum in leaf at 40 per cent. The rates on gold and silver leaf were fixed at 30 per cent. The rate on metallic pens (except gold) was fixed at 8 cents; pens, and hat, shawl and belt pins, commercially known as jewelry, 25 per cent. The chronometers, 10 per cent; watches and clocks, 25 per cent; manufactured articles (paragraph 117), not specially provided for in the bill, composed wholly or in part of metal, 30 per cent.

At 5 o'clock the senate went into executive session and at 5:10 p. m. adjourned.

### REPORTER REFUSES.

Declines to Give Names to the Sugar Trust Investigating Committee.

WASHINGTON, May 26.—Judge Dittenhofer, counsel for Correspondent Edwards, appeared yesterday before the sugar trust investigation and announced he had advised his clients not to give the committee the names of the persons from whom he received certain information bearing upon the subject under investigation. He quoted the supreme court decisions in the Kilbourne and Counselman cases in support of his position. Among other reasons, Judge Dittenhofer stated that for Mr. Edwards to disclose the names of his informants would be to degrade him as a newspaper man.

The committee overruled Judge Dittenhofer's objections, and again calling Mr. Edwards in, repeated its demand that he give the names requested in the first instance, and repeated his final decision not to comply with the demand. He was then excused, and the committee again went into secret session. No decision as to a future course of action was reached. Senator Caffery and ex-congressman Le Fevre of Louisiana were before the committee later, and denied the story of their participation in the alleged conference with the sugar trust.

Colored Miners Present an Ultimatum.

PITTSBURG, Kan., May 26.—An unexpected turn in strike affairs has occurred here. The Alabama colored miners in Kansas and Texas shaft No. 22, at Litchfield, have demanded 65 cents per ton for mine coal run the year round, the alternative being an exodus of this element to the Indian Territory.

Strike Practically Settled.

PITTSBURG, Kan., May 26.—The strike has been practically settled in this district, and outside of Fleming the miners have nearly all returned to work. The Missouri strikers disbanded at Weir City, and their leader, accompanied by about twenty disgusted followers, have gone home.

Receiver Asked For.

CHICAGO, May 26.—Application was made yesterday for the appointment of a receiver for the order known as the "Knights and Ladies of America." The application was made by Charles Epple and five other members of the order, who ask that the society be dissolved and wound up.

Work Stops at Pleasanton.

PLEASANTON, Kan., May 26.—The miners of this district have voted to strike to-day. In this Pleasanton district are about 200 men who will be affected.

### CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Delegates from Southern Iowa arrived in Fort Dodge, Iowa, and called out all the miners, about 600 men.

Five hundred miners at Ardmore, Ind. Ter., have quit work pending a meeting to decide whether a strike shall take place.

Lewis Williams, colored, was dreadfully crushed between freight cars while making a coupling at Blackwater, Mo. It is thought he cannot recover.

At La Junta, Col., Joseph Wood, a Santa Fe conductor, was fatally shot by a colored tramp, whom he was objecting from a freight car. The tramp escaped.

Mrs. Horace Speed, wife of the United States attorney of Oklahoma, died suddenly at Guthrie. The remains were taken to Louisville, Ky., for interment.

The London Sporting Life says that the National sporting club will offer a purse of £2,000 for the contest, between Corbett and Jackson, provided the contest is decided during the present year.

In Denver the commonwealthers in camp number 700. The officers declare they will stay all summer if the railroads do not give them a cheap rate East. They declare they will not seize a train, but railroad officials are suspicious of them and maintain guards constantly in the railroad yards.

Subscribe for the Daily STATE JOURNAL.

## CAPTURED BY WOMEN

Eighteen Deputy Sheriffs Guarding Cripple Creek Mines.

Were Captured and Disarmed by Two Women.

### ELEVEN WERE KILLED

By the Blowing Up of the Shaft House.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Col., May 26.—Eleven men killed, with a strong probability that the number of dead will be increased when all is known, is the record of the first day of trouble here, although real fighting has not yet begun, as the deputies are awaiting reinforcements before beginning active operations.

At 10 o'clock yesterday morning eleven men started to work in the Strong mine on Battle mountain. Shortly afterward a party of strikers blew up the shaft-house, causing a loss of \$25,000 and then dropped 100 pounds of giant powder down the shaft which was also exploded, killing all the inmates. Not more than 300 yards from the Strong shaft house, sixteen men, who had been engaged to go to work in the Independence mine, were surrounded in their bunk house, and after a long parley agreed to surrender. Each one was armed with a rifle and a brace of revolvers, the arms now being in the possession of the strikers.

It is rumored that the strikers attacked the Anna Lee mine, overpowering the guards, after which they blew up the shaft house, but the rumor has not been verified. When the deputies are finally massed, and the two forces come together, a most desperate battle will doubtless be fought.

The situation is one of most painful anxiety. Not a few believe the town will be a smoldering mass by another sunset if the strikers be not restrained.

At Victor, six miles away, where fully 1,000 people reside, a reign of terror exists. Within half a mile of the corporation limits of the town, all day long fully 300 union men, armed with rifles, have paraded up and down the side of the hill. Occasionally a detour into the village would be made, and people whom the miners thought to be objectionable were ordered to leave the place.

The guards from Denver, upon arrival at Victor, went into camp on a neighboring hill. The strikers threw out a picket line entirely surrounding them, but at a distance that guarantees their safety from the deputies' rifles.

One of the largest mine owners in Colorado Springs is authority for the statements that the mine owners have planted a rifle cannon on a hill commanding the breastworks, and that it will be used to dislodge the strikers from that position.

The special train bearing 150 armed deputies reached Victor about 10 o'clock yesterday morning. The deputies were immediately surrounded by 400 miners. A pitched battle ensued, in which the deputies took refuge behind the rocks. The deputies finally proceeded to the Independence mine and secured possession, where they are besieged by a part of the miners.

At the summit of Bull Hill, but 500 feet away from the Victor property, the miners have a barricade of logs and broken rock, which is supplied with loopholes and ladders. Considerable ammunition is stored there, and also a quantity of provisions, but there is no water. Whole kegs of blasting powder have been stored in the barricade, and there is no telling to what desperate extremes the men may go.

All sorts of rumors concerning the doings at the Strong mine are afloat. One of them is to the effect the workmen were not killed, having been warned off by masked strikers. The deputies from Denver have withdrawn to a less exposed position, where they will await reinforcements.

The strikers, from their stronghold on Bull Hill, can view the country for miles, and all passes are guarded by them. Every stranger is intercepted and not allowed to proceed toward the town unless a satisfactory explanation of his business is given. No one is permitted near enough to the seat of war to be in danger, and the streets of Cripple Creek and Victor, as well as the passes, are patrolled by miners carrying Winchester and revolvers.

The capture and disarming of deputies, numbering eighteen, was accomplished by women, and ever since two of the women have been holding high court in a saloon where the strikers heap congratulations upon them.

Two wagons loaded with powder and cartridges for one of the mines were captured by the strikers and their contents confiscated.

Sam McDonald, superintendent of the Strong, Anna Lee and Gold King mines, and Charley Robinson, foreman of the Strong, are missing, which gives credence to the story of the slaughter. If the men were in certain portions of the mine the concussion may not have killed them. Sam Strong, owner of the mine, is given as authority for the statement that eleven men were killed.

Judge McClevery Declines.

FOUR SCORE, Kan., May 26.—In reply to a number of letters from some of the leading Populists of the Second district asking him to accept the Populist nomination for congress in this district, Judge J. D. McClevery has addressed letters to J. W. Stone of Fulton and C. Clay of Maney informing them that he will not accept the nomination.

An Indecent Publication.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., May 26.—The city authorities have prohibited the sale of the Kansas City Sunday Sun in this city, alleging that it is an indecent publication.

The Daily STATE JOURNAL prints all the news.

Shirts captured by the Peerless.

'93-'94

COATS

ARE BOTH EXCELLENT IN THEIR PLACE.

The place for the '93 coat is the retirement of the closet. The thing to do with a '94 coat is to wear it. We can't supply you with the '93 article, but we have a full supply of the '94 styles—both of Coats and Vests and Spring and Summer Suits. It costs so very little "to be up to date" this year, that's no use of being a resurrection of last year.

Elegant Cheviot, Cassimere or Worsted Suits in ALL WOOL material, cut in the very latest of fashion, for

# \$8.00

Have we higher priced goods? Of course we have. Still the fact remains, nevertheless, that the identical goods that are offered elsewhere for \$18 and \$20, we are selling for \$15.00, and giving a better fit besides.



### BAPTIST PUBLICATIONS.

Interesting Statistics Showing the Number Printed the Past Year.

SARATOGA, N. Y., May 26.—The American Baptist Publication society began its seventeenth anniversary here yesterday. The annual address was made by Samuel A. Crozier of Chester, Pa. Forty-nine new publications have been issued during the year. Of these 737,000 copies have been printed. The entire number of books, pamphlets, periodicals and tracts, new and old, printed during the year is more than 35,700,000, an increase over the number issued the last year of more than 3,000. The total issues since the organization of the society are over 350,000,000 copies of books, pamphlets, periodicals and tracts. During the year there have been issued over 34,600,000 copies of periodicals alone, an increase of 850,900 copies over last year.

### POINT FOR BRECKENRIDGE.

Friends of the Colonel Succeeded in Having a Late Convention Called.

FRANKFORT, Ky., May 26.—The meeting of the Democratic congressional district committee here yesterday to select a method and time for nominating a successor to Colonel Breckinridge, decided on holding a primary September 15. The meeting was a victory for the Breckinridge men, as they much preferred a late primary. Owens' friends wanted an open one, and the room was crowded. Many prominent politicians were here, among them being Hon. W. C. Owens and Evan E. Settle, candidates against Colonel Breckinridge. Mr. Settle addressed a large audience in the afternoon. Desha Breckinridge was here for his father.

Played With a Loaded Gun.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., May 26.—The 6-year-old daughter of Dr. J. B. Gahr, right of Appleton, Ohio, who was visiting her grand mother, Mrs. Wagoner of Cedar City, was accidentally shot and killed yesterday morning by Herman Bruning, a 14-year-old boy employed on Mrs. Wagoner's farm. She went up stairs to call Bruning. He was handling a shotgun, which was discharged just as the little one was entering the door. The charge tore away nearly one-half of her head and face, killing her instantly.

Baseball Results.

At Kansas City—Kansas City 9, Indianapolis 4.

At St. Louis—St. Louis 20, Detroit 16.

At Minneapolis—Toledo 14, Minneapolis 12.

At Milwaukee—Grand Rapids 6, Milwaukee 0.

At Cleveland—Cleveland 5, Pittsburgh 2.

At Brooklyn—New York 12, Brooklyn 6.

At Boston—Boston 10, Washington 8.

D. Holmes, druggist, 731 Kansas ave.

### Is Your Hair Falling Out or Turning Gray?

If so, why don't you try Beggs' Hair Renewer? It is the only positive Hair Renewer on the market. It stimulates the hair follicles and gives the hair a soft, luxuriant, youthful appearance. Sold and warranted by W. R. Kennedy, Fourth and Kansas avenue.

Read the "Wants." Many of them are as interesting as news items. See if it is not so.

## Saved Our Boy

A Clergyman's Statement

Constitutional Scrofula Entirely Cured.

Cured.

Wm. Richard Fate.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:"

"Gentlemen: I wish to tell you that Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for me, I will say that 3 years ago I had a beautiful boy born to me. When about six months old he took a sore mouth. Everything that was known as usual remedies in such cases was used. I had two doctors but all to no benefit. At the age of 11 months he breathed his last. Thus we laid

Our Darling Child

In the grave. On Aug. 4, 1891, another boy was born unto us. At the age of two months he became afflicted with the same disease. I believed the boy's trouble was constitutional, and not common sore mouth. I procured a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and commenced to give it regularly to both mother and baby, and occasionally washed his mouth with a syrup of buck brush root. Improvement began at once. We have succeeded in eradicating the scrofulous blood from the system and to-day we are blessed with a nice, fat baby boy, eighteen months old. He is the very

Picture of Health,

all life and full of mischief—thanks to Hood's Sarsaparilla. I am a minister in the Methodist Protestant church. I am here to back what I say and I am in no way interested in any profit in the matter, except it affords me much pleasure to recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to all as a safe, sure remedy. Even my wife, after taking Hood's became healthy and fleshy and has the bloom of girlhood again. We have used only three bottles, but I keep it in the house."

Rev. J. M. Parr, Brookline Station, Missouri.

N. B. Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's

Hood's Pills cure Constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.